## **Luziola subintegra**Tropical American watergrass

## Poaceae

Common Synonyms: None

FLEPPC Category: 1
FDACS Listed Noxious Weed: No

IFAS Assessment

North Central -

South -

USDA Hardiness Zone: N/A Growth Habit: Emergent Aquatic Origin: Mexico, Central America, Caribbean Basin, South America

to Argentina





and female spikelets on different panicles. Male panicle terminal and female one axillary. Spikelet solitary, stalked.

**Description:** Robust emergent or submergent grass. Leaves inflated and broad blades to 7 mm wide. Male

**Habitat:** Lakes, rivers, creeks, marshes, prairies

**Comments:** Vouchered from Dade and Glades Counties. Spreads vegetatively and by seed.

Jon Mortor

Florida Introduction Date: 2007

## **Control Methods:**

No specific treatments available but species is being tested for herbicide efficacy with Fluridone herbicide (Lake Okeechobee Interagency Task Force).

\*\*Follow herbicide labels: Only herbicides registered for application in water by EPA and FDACS may be applied to weeds growing in or near water.

## **Useful Resources:**

Clayton, W.D., M.S. Vorontsova, K.T. Harman, H. Williamson. 2006 onwards. GrassBase - The Online World Grass Flora. http://www.kew.org/data/grasses-db.html. Accessed on December 17, 2013.

Kunzer, J.M. and M.J. Bodle. 2008. Luziola subintegra (Poaceae: Oryzeae), New to Florida and the United States. Journal of Botanical Research Institute of Texas 2(1): 633-638.

IFAS, Center for Aquatic and Invasive Plants. 2013. Tropical American water grass. http://plants.ifas.ufl.edu/node/679. Accessed on December 9, 2013.

Lake Okeechobee Interagency Task Force. 2011. Lake Okeechobee Interagency Task Force Meeting Proceedings. http://www.floridainvasives.org/okeechobee12-14-11IAMeetingMinutes.pdf