

Dalbergia sissoo

INDIAN ROSEWOOD

Fabaceae

Common Synonyms: *none*

FLEPPC Category: 2

FDACS Listed Noxious Weed: No

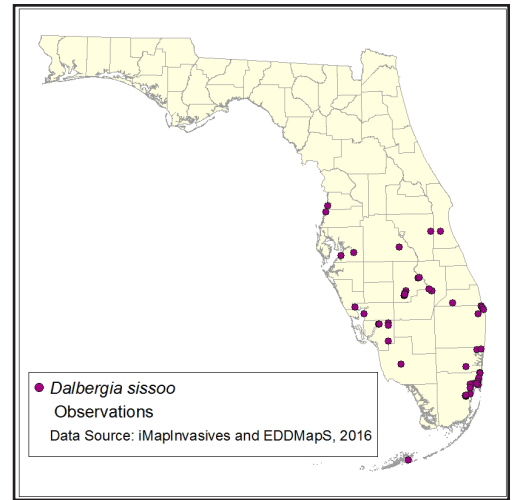
IFAS Assessment

North	OK
Central	CAUTION
South	CAUTION

USDA Hardiness Zone: 8a-9b

Growth Habit: Tree

Origin: India to Pakistan



Dalbergia sissoo, by Khalid Mahmoodhttp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dalbergia_sissooUsed under Creative Commons 3.0 license

Description: Medium to large tree, semi-deciduous to 18 m tall with a dense crown and gray bark. Leaves alternate, compound, 3-5 leaflets with a single terminal leaflet. Leaflets glabrous, rounded, to 8 cm long, margins entire, with sharp point. Flowers inconspicuous, pea-like, fragrant, yellowish or white. Fruit a pale brown, flat, papery seed pod, to 8 cm long.

Habitat: hardwood forest, pine rockland, hammock margins, disturbed sites

Florida Introduction Date: pre-1952

Control Methods: .

Chemical: Basal bark (10% trichlopyr ester), cut-stump (50% trichlopyr amine). [IFAS].

Useful Resources:

Langeland, K.A., H.M. Cherry, C.M. McCormick, K.C. Burks. 2008. Identification and Biology of Non-Native Plants in Florida's Natural Areas-Second Edition. IFAS Publication SP 257. University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida.

Langeland, K.A., J.A. Ferrell, B. Sellers, G.E. MacDonald, and R.K. Stocker. 2011. Integrated management of non-native plants in natural areas of Florida. EDIS publication SP 242. University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida.

Wunderlin, R. P., and B. F. Hansen. 2008. Atlas of Florida Vascular Plants (<http://florida.plantatlas.usf.edu/>). [S. M. Landry and K. N. Campbell (application development), Florida Center for Community Design and Research.] Institute for Systematic Botany, University of South Florida, Tampa.

Comments: Seeds are wind dispersed.